

## SANTA-FE GAZETTE.

VOLUME III.

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO, JUNE 1, 1861.

NUMBER 4. (NEW SERIES.)

## ADVERTISEMENTS

## NOTICE

## TO THE INHABITANTS OF NEW MEXICO.

The Surveyor General of New Mexico, by act of Congress approved on the 23d July, 1846, is required to make a full report on all claims ascertained before the census of the Territory to the United States by the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, of 1848, showing the various grades of title, with the date of their acquisition, as to the validity or invalidity of each of the same, under the laws, usages, and customs of the country before its cession to the United States. And he is also required to make a report in regard to all Pious Institutions existing in the Territory, showing the extent and locality of each; stating the number of inhabitants in the said Pious Institutions, and the nature of their title to the land. Such report is to be made according to the form which may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, which report shall be laid before Congress for such action thereon as may be deemed just and proper, with a view to maintain bona fide grants and give full effect to the treaty of 1848, between the United States and Mexico.

Claimants, in every case, will be required to file a verified copy, setting forth the name of "present claimant," name of "original claimant," nature of claim, whether Indian or perfect, in date, from what authority the original title was derived, with a reference to the evidence of the power and authority under which the granting officer may have acted; and, in the case of Indian claims, the name of the Indian grantee, if any, with a reference to the documentary evidence and testimony relied upon to establish the claim, and to show transfer of right from the "original grantee" to "present claimant."

Every claimant will also be required to furnish an authenticated plat of survey, if a survey has been effected, or other evidence, showing the precise location and extent of the tract claimed.

To enable the Surveyor General to execute the duty thus imposed upon him by law, he has in request all those individuals who claimed land in New Mexico before the treaty of 1848, to produce the evidence of such claims at his office, at Santa Fe, as soon as possible.

ALEX. F. WILSON,  
Surveyor General New Mexico.

Santa Fe, N. M.  
Oct. 20th.

## LARGE LANDED INTEREST FOR SALE.

THE UNDIVIDED SIXTH PART of a tract of Land, originally granted to Juan M. Yule, and Carolina Yule, deceased, by the Mexican Government, and known as the RIO DE LAS ANIMAS GRANT, bounded on the North by the Arkansas River, and including its tributaries, Rio de las Animas, Timpas, Apatzaco, Santa Clara, Ocheras and Huertitas, from their source to their confluence.

For particulars acquire of the undersigned, at Santa Fe, J. HOUGHTON, Agent.

Santa Fe, January 26, 1861—4t.

## WILLIAM MORRISON.

Manufacturer and Dealer in Tin Copper and Sheet Iron, PARLOUR, COOKING AND HEATING STOVES, FOR COAL AND WOOD.

Japan Ware, Hollow Ware, &c. We will duplicate any St. Louis bill, Tin Plate Ware and Sheet Iron at a small advance on St. Louis prices.

Main Street near the Levee, KANSAS CITY MO.

## BUSINESS NOTICE.

JOHN S. WATTS.

During the months of November, December, January, February, and March, I will be in the City of Washington, and a therefore will give my personal attention to any business from New Mexico which may be entrusted to my care—provision before the Court of Claims, the Supreme Court or any of the Departments.

JOHN S. WATTS,  
Attorney at Law.

Santa Fe, Nov. 17, 1860—1-7.

## J. HOUGHTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office at Santa Fe. (Formerly office of Smith & Houghton.)

A. L. business interested to make recovery, prompt attention. His residence in the city of Washington, will be his office and he will give his personal attention to any business from New Mexico which may be entrusted to his care—provision before the Court of Claims, the Supreme Court or any of the Departments.

Santa Fe, Nov. 17, 1860—1-7.

## OAK HALL CLOTHING HOUSE.

HAMMERSLOUGH BROS., PROPRIETORS

Corner of Main and Third streets, Kansas City, Missouri.

Dealers in and manufacturers of all kinds of Ready made Clothing.

Gents Furnishing Goods,

Boots and Shoes

Hats and Caps,

Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c., &c.

To which we invite the attention of the citizens of New Mexico, we are determined to sell you goods, lower in our line by

25 PER CENT.

Let us call any other store in Kansas City or Missouri, as we ask a trial, and we will guarantee you will not go out disappointed. Yours Respectfully,

Mar 24 HAMMERSLOUGH BROS.

## DAVID V. WHITING.

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANT,

General Steamboat Agent and Collector.

NO. 5 and 6, LEVEE,

KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

May 11, 1861.

## NOTICE.

Partnership heretofore existing between Henry Connelly and Stephen Doole, in Las Vegas, under the name and style of Connelly & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All claims indebted to said firm will please come forward and make payment. All those having claims against said firm will present them to Stephen Doole for settlement.

STEPHEN DOOLE.

Las Vegas, March, 16, 1861—n50-5r.

## LAW CARD.

J. HOWE WATTS.

(Formerly of Watts & Jackson)

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

April 30,—n50,1f

## ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

## NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MY CLAIM AGENT OFFICE AND PRESENT BUSINESS, is now in the hands of the Government at the United States, is now closed in this Territory.

All business already placed in my hands, or the hands of J. B. Watts & Co., which I have contracted to prosecute, and now pending before the Department or the Congress of the United States, will be duly attended to.

I have NO PERSON OR AGENT authorized hereafter to use my name in any manner whatever in the PROSECUTION OF CLAIMS against the United States, otherwise, then by attending to business that I am now pledged to attend to, and such person or persons will in all cases proceed entirely from me to such agents or agents.

C. P. HOYT.

Santa Fe, N. M., January 19, 1861—12

## SANTA FE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

"Independent in all things, Neutral in nothing."

JAMES L. COLLINS, PUBLISHED,

JOHN T. RUSSELL, EDITOR.

SANTA FE SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1861.

## SUBSCRIPTION:

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For one year, ..... \$ 2.50

For six months, ..... 1.50

For three months, ..... 1.00

Single copies, ..... 10c

## LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

[Public—No. 1.]

AN ACT to authorize the issue of Treasury Notes, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be and he is hereby authorized to cause Treasury notes, for such sum or sums as the exigencies of the public service may require but not to exceed at any time ten millions of dollars, and of denominations not less than fifty dollars for any such note, to be prepared, signed, and issued in the manner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That such Treasury notes shall be paid and redeemed by the United States at the Treasury thereof after the expiration of one year from the date of issue of such notes; from which dates, until they shall be respectively paid and redeemed, they shall bear such rate of interest as shall be expressed in such notes, which rate of interest shall be six per centum per annum: *Provided*, That, after the maturity of any of said notes, interest thereon shall cease at the expiration of sixty days' notice of readiness to redeem and pay the same, which may at any time or times be given by the Secretary of the Treasury in one or more newspapers at the seat of government. The redemption and payment of said notes, herein provided, shall be made to the lawful holder thereof respectively upon presentation at the Treasury, and shall include the principal of each note and the interest which shall be due thereon. And for the payment and redemption of such notes at the time and times therein specified, the faith of the United States is hereby solemnly pledged.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That such Treasury notes shall be prepared under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and shall be signed in behalf of the United States by the Treasurer thereof, and countersigned by the Register of the Treasury. Each of these officers shall keep in a book, or books provided for the purpose, separate, full, and accurate accounts, showing the number, date, amount, and rate of interest of each Treasury note signed and countersigned by them respectively; and, also, similar accounts showing all such notes which may be paid, redeemed, and cancelled, as the same may be returned; all which accounts shall be carefully preserved in the Treasury Department. And the Treasurer shall account quarterly for all such Treasury notes as shall have been countersigned by the Register and delivered to the Treasurer for issue.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized, with the approval of the President, to cause such portion of said Treasury notes as may be deemed expedient, to be issued by the Treasurer in payment of warrants in favor of public creditors, or other persons lawfully entitled to payment, who may choose to receive such notes in payment at par; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, with the approval of the President, to issue the notes hereby authorized to be issued, at such rate of interest as may be offered by the lowest responsible bidder or bidders who may agree to take the said notes at par after public advertisement of not less than ten days in such papers as the President may direct, the said advertisement to propose to issue such notes at par to those who may offer to take the same at the lowest rate of interest. But in deciding upon those bids no fraction shall be considered which may be less than one fourth per centum per annum.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That said Treasury notes shall be transferable by assignment indorsed thereon by the person to whose order the same may be made payable, accompanied together with the delivery of the note so assigned.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That said Treasury notes shall be received by the proper officers in payment of all duties and taxes laid by the authority of the United States, of all public lands sold by said authority, and of all debts to the United States, of any character whatever which may be due and payable at the time when said Treasury notes may be offered in payment thereof, and upon every such payment credit shall be given for the amount of principal and interest due on the note or notes received in payment, on the day when the same shall have been received by such officer.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That every collector of the customs, receiver of public moneys, or other officers or agents of the United States, who shall receive any Treasury note or notes in payment on account of the United States, shall take from the holder of such note or notes, a receipt on the back of each, stating distinctly the date of such payment, and the amount allowed on such note; and every such officer or agent shall keep regular and specific entries of all Treasury notes received in payment, showing the persons from whom received, the number, date, and amount of the principal and interest allowed on each and every Treasury note received in payment, which entries shall be delivered to the Treasury with the Treasury note or notes mentioned therein; and, if found correct, such officer or agent shall receive credit for the amount, as provided in the sixth section of this act.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorized to make and issue from time to time such instructions, rules, and regulations to the several collectors, receivers, depositaries, and all others who may be required to receive such Treasury notes in behalf of, and as agents in any capacity for the United States, as to the custody, disposal, cancelling, and return of any such notes as may be paid to and received by them respectively, and as to the accounts and returns to be made to the Treasury Department of such receipts, as he shall deem best calculated to promote the public convenience and security, and to protect the United States, as well as individuals, from fraud and loss.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be paid the principal and interest of such Treasury notes as may be issued under this act, at the time and times when according to its provisions the same should be paid. And said Secretary is further authorized to purchase said notes at par for the amount of principal and interest due thereon at the time of such purchase. And so much of any unappropriated money in the Treasury as may be necessary for the purpose, is hereby appropriated for the payment of the principal and interest of said notes.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That in place of such Treasury notes as may have been paid and redeemed, other Treasury notes to the same amount may be issued: *Provided*, That the aggregate sum outstanding under the authority of this act shall at no time exceed the sum of ten millions of dollars: And *provided further*, That the power to issue and resume Treasury notes conferred by this act shall cease and determine on the first day of January, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty three.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That to defray the expenses of engraving, printing, preparing and issuing the Treasury notes herein authorized, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, payable out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury: *Provided*, That no compensation shall be made to any officer whose salary is fixed by law for preparing, signing, or issuing Treasury notes.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any note in imitation of, or purporting to be, a Treasury note, issued as aforesaid, or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, any false, forged, or counterfeit note, purporting to be a Treasury note as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely made, forged or counterfeited, or shall falsely alter, or cause or procure to be falsely altered, or willingly aid or assist in falsely altering any Treasury note issued as aforesaid, or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish, as true, any falsely altered Treasury note, issued as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely altered, every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept at hard labor for a period not less than three years nor more than ten years, and to be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall make, or engrave, or cause or procure to be made or engraved, or shall have in his custody and possession any metallic plate engraved after the similitude of any plate from which any notes issued as aforesaid, with intent to use such blanks, or cause or suffer the same to be used, in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes issued as aforesaid, every such person, being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept at hard labor for a term of not less than three nor more than ten years, and fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause a statement to be published monthly of the amount of Treasury notes issued and paid and redeemed under the provisions of this act, showing the balance outstanding each month.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That all money hereafter contracted for under the authority of the act entitled "An act authorizing a loan, and providing for the redemption of Treasury notes," approved June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty, shall be used in the redemption of Treasury notes now outstanding, and those to be issued under this act, and to replace in the Treasury any amount of said notes which shall have been paid and received for public dues, and for no other purposes.

Approved, December 17, 1860.

[Public—No. 2.]

AN ACT to amend the fourth Section of the Act for the Admission of Oregon into the Union, so as to extend the Time for selecting Salt Springs and contiguous Lands in Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time for selecting the salt springs and contiguous lands, according to the provisions of the fourth section of the act entitled "An act for the admission of Oregon into the Union," approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, be extended to any time within three years from the passage of this act, anything in said section to the contrary notwithstanding.

Approved December 17, 1860.

[Public—No. 3.]

AN ACT making Appropriation for the payment of Invalid and Other Pensions of the United States for the Year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty two.

For Invalid Pensions, under various acts, three hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For pensions under acts of eighteenth March, eighteen hundred and eighteen, fifteenth May, eighteen hundred and twenty eight, and seventh

June, eighteen hundred and thirty two, seventeen thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows of those who served in the revolutionary war, under the third section of the act of fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, the acts of seventh July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, third March, eighteen hundred and forty-four, second February, and twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and second section act of third February, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, one hundred and seventy thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under first section act fourth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, act of twenty-first July, eighteen hundred and forty-four, and act third June, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, three hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For navy invalid pensions, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For navy pensions to widows and orphans under act of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Approved, December 21, 1860.

[Public—No. 33.]

AN ACT to change the name of the schooner "Augusta" to "U.S. Cook."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized to change the name of the American built schooner "Augusta," owned by George W. Bland of Detroit, Michigan, to that of "Colonel Cook," and to grant her a register in that name.

Approved, February 13, 1861.

[Public—No. 37.]

AN ACT to extend the Right of Appeal from Decisions of Courts to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from all judgments and decrees of any circuit court rendered in any action, suit, controversy, or case, at law or in equity, arising under any law of the United States granting or confirming to authors the exclusive right to their respective writings, or to inventors the exclusive right to their inventions or discoveries, a writ of error or appeal as the case may require, shall lie, at the instance of either party, to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner, and under the same circumstances as is now provided by law in other judgments and decrees of such circuit courts, without regard to the sum or value in controversy in the action.

Approved, February 13, 1861.

[Public—No. 38.]

AN ACT making further provisions in relation to Consolidated Land Offices.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act the register for the consolidated land district at Boonville, in the State of Missouri, in consequence of additional duties imposed upon him, and in addition to the fees now allowed by law, shall be entitled to charge and receive for making transcripts for individuals, or furnishing any other record information respecting public lands or land titles in his consolidated land district, such fees as are properly authorized by the tariff existing in the local courts in said district: *Provided*, That the whole amount of the register's compensation, including all fees and commissions to which he is entitled under existing laws, shall not exceed three thousand dollars per annum, or pro rata per quarter, the excess if any, over that amount shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States; and the receiver shall receive his equal share of such fees, and it shall be his duty to aid the register in the preparation of the transcripts, or giving the record information as aforesaid.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior be and he is hereby authorized to make a reasonable allowance for office rent for such consolidated office, and, when satisfied of the necessity thereof, to approve the employment by said register of one or more clerks, at a reasonable per diem compensation, for such time as said clerk or clerks are absolutely required to keep up the current public business, and who shall be paid out of the surplus fees above authorized to be charged, if any, and if no surplus exists, then out of the appropriation for incidental expenses of district land office; but no clerk shall be paid unless his employment has been first sanctioned by the Secretary of the Interior.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of this act be and they are hereby extended to all other consolidated land offices: *Provided*, That this act shall be construed to extend to and provide for all expenses heretofore incurred by any register or receiver of any such consolidated land office for additional clerical aid or office room: *Provided further*, That the amount of such indemnity be first approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Interior to make a reasonable allowance to former registers of consolidated land offices for room rent and clerk hire, made necessary by such consolidation, to be paid out of the appropriation for incidental expenses of district land offices, upon satisfactory vouchers actually filed, or to be filed.

Approved, February 18, 1861.

[Public—No. 42.]

AN ACT to supply Deficiencies in the Appropriations for the Service of the fiscal year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

For gradual increase and expense of library, one thousand dollars.

For expenses of the board of visitors, four thousand dollars.

For forage of artillery and cavalry horses, six thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For supplying horses for artillery and cavalry practice, one thousand dollars.

For repairs of officers' quarters, five hundred dollars.

For current and ordinary expenses, as follows: Repairs and improvements, fuel and apparatus, forage, postage, stationery, transportation, printing, clerks, miscellaneous and incidental expenses, and departments of instruction, thirty-nine thousand and ten dollars.

For gradual increase and expense of library, one thousand dollars.

For expenses of the board of visitors, four thousand dollars.

For forage of artillery and cavalry horses, six thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For supplying horses for artillery and cavalry practice, one thousand dollars.

For repairs of officers' quarters, five hundred dollars.

For current and ordinary expenses, as follows: Repairs and improvements, fuel and apparatus, forage, postage, stationery, transportation, printing, clerks, miscellaneous and incidental expenses, and departments of instruction, thirty-nine thousand and ten dollars.

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For expenses of the board of visitors, four thousand dollars.

For forage of artillery and cavalry horses, six thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For supplying horses for artillery and cavalry practice, one thousand dollars.

For repairs of officers' quarters, five hundred dollars.

For current and ordinary expenses, as follows: Repairs and improvements, fuel and apparatus, forage, postage, stationery, transportation, printing, clerks, miscellaneous and incidental expenses, and departments of instruction, thirty-nine thousand and ten dollars.

For gradual increase and expense of library, one thousand dollars.

For expenses of the board of visitors, four thousand dollars.

For forage of artillery and cavalry horses, six thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For supplying horses for artillery and cavalry practice, one thousand dollars.

For repairs of officers' quarters, five hundred dollars.

red for the first session of the Thirty-sixth Congress, fifty thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, twenty-one thousand dollars.

For folding documents, twenty-six thousand dollars.

For furniture and repairs, and boxes for members, five thousand dollars.

For stationery, six thousand dollars.

To enable the Superintendent of the Capitol Extension to pay for labor and materials used to carry out the resolution of the House of Representatives of twenty-first February, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, two thousand five hundred dollars.

To supply deficiencies in the appropriations heretofore made for printing ordered by the Senate and House of Representatives at the first session of the Thirty-sixth Congress, and for paper for the same, one hundred and eighty-seven thousand eight hundred and sixteen dollars and thirty-eight cents.

To supply the deficiency in the appropriation for paper required for the printing of the annual session of the Thirty-sixth Congress fifty thousand dollars.

To supply the deficiency in the appropriation for the printing of the second session of the Thirty-sixth Congress thirty thousand dollars.

For the completion of the custom-house and post-office at the city of Saint Louis, and fitting up and furnishing the same, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars.

To supply deficiencies in the fund heretofore appropriated to enable the President of the United States to carry into effect the act of Congress of third March, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and any subsequent acts now in force for the suppression of the slave trade, nine hundred thousand dollars.

For the compensation and mileage of Senators, thirteen thousand dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the Senate, for miscellaneous items, three thousand dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the Senate and House of Representatives, viz:

For additional police for the Capitol, payable by the Senate, one thousand and ninety-six dollars and ninety-seven cents; and for additional police for the Capitol, payable by the House of Representatives, one thousand and ninety-six dollars and ninety-seven cents.

To supply deficiencies in the appropriation for taking the Eighth Census, four hundred and thirty-seven thousand dollars.

For expenses of select committees appointed under the resolution of the House of Representatives of twenty-fourth December, eighteen hundred and sixty, five thousand dollars; and for expenses of select committees made by order of the House of Representatives of the ninth of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, three thousand dollars, making eight thousand dollars; and that the said sum shall be added to the miscellaneous item of the contingent fund of the House.

For expenses of removing the office of the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury to the apartments assigned in Winder's building, and for cleaning, repairing, and furnishing the same, three thousand five hundred and eight dollars and fifty-five cents.

To enable the Superintendent of the Public Printing to carry into effect the provisions of the Joint resolution in relation to the public printing, approved June the twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty, one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended until the title to the property purchased shall have been examined and approved by the Attorney General of the United States.

For compensation of the clerks in the land office at Kickapoo, Kansas, ten thousand